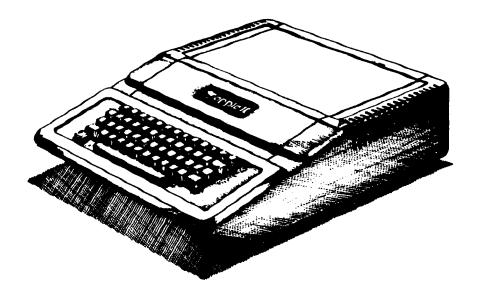


## Apple 2 Computer Technical Information





# Apple ][ Computer **Family Information**

Apple SOFT BASIC Info: Apple Soft Internal Entry Points

Crossley - Apple Orchard Mar/Apr 1980

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**LABELS** 

HPAG

# Applesoft Internal try Points

By John Crossley (from the Apple Orchard)

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#### INTRODUCTION

This is a guide for the 6502 machine language programmer who wants to take advantage of the various subroutines in Applesoft. The addresses included assume that the user has an Apple II Plus, an Applesoft firmware card, or a Language Card. This list is believed to be correct, but be warned that it was a spare time project. If you find errors, contact your user group. This data is meant for the experienced programmer, NOT THE BEGINNER. Read your Applesoft Reference manual for more information.

Take special note of CHRGET. This subroutine is the heart of Applesoft. When Applesoft wants the next character or an instruction it points TXTPTR at the program or the input buffer and JSRs to CHRGET. When Applesoft READs DATA, TXTPTR is temporarily set to the last used DATA

statement.

A2	3E,3F	Apple monitor pointer for cassette routines
ARYTAB	6B,6C	Start of array storage
BUF	200,2FF	Line input buffer
CHARAC	OD	Used by STRLT2
CURLIN	75,76	The current line number (=FF if in direct
		mode.
DATLIN	7B,7C	Line number of current DATA statement
DATPTR	7D,7E	The address the next DATA comes from
DSCTMP	9D.9E,	Temp string descriptor

Apple monitor pointer for cassette routines

9F **ENDCHR** Used by SRTLT2 OF. **ERRFLG D8** \$80 if ONERR active **ERRLIN** DA,DB Line number where error occurred **ERRNUM** Which error occurred DE

**HEX ADDR** 3C.3D

TXTPTR save for HNDLERR DC,DD **ERRPOS ERRSTK** DF Stack pointer value before error **FBUFFR** 100-110 FOUT buffer Used by PLOTFNS **FIRST** F085,86 General pointer, see COPY

**FORPNT FRESPC** 71,72 Temp pointer for string storage routines **FRETOP** 6F,70 Bottom of string storage 2C Used by PLOTFNS **HIGHDS** 94,95 Used by BLTU HIGHTR Used by BLTU 96,97

HIRES page to plot on. (\$20 for HGR, \$40 E6 for HGR2) **INDEX** 5E,5F Temp pointer for moving strings **INVFLG** 32 Mask for inverse output

LASTPT 53 Last used temp string pointer LINNUM 50,51 General purpose 16 bit number location General purpose register. GETARYPT FINDLN, BLTU **LOWTR** 9B,9C

**MEMSIZ** 73,74 HIMEM OLDLIN 77,78 Last line executed Mask for flashing output ORMASK F3 AF,BO **PRGEND** The end of the program text REMSTK F8 Stack pointer saved before each statement F9 ROT

SCALE E7 SPDBYT Speed = delay number F1 6D,6E STREND The top of array storage

STRNG1 AB,AC Pointer to a string. See MOVINS STRNG2 AD,AE Pointer to a string. See STRLT2 **SUBFLG** \$00 subscripts allowed, \$80=no subscripts TEMPPT Last used temporary string descriptor

**TXTPTR** B8,B9 Next byte to be read TXTTAB 67,68 Start of program text Used by PLOTFNS 2D Flags last FAC operation 0=number, FF= VALTYP

string Used by PTRGET VARPNT 83,84 VARTAB Start of variable storage 69,6A

All About Applesoft

## APPLESOFT INTERNAL ENTRY POINTS

#### ABBREVIATIONS

A the 6502 accumulator

X the 6502 X register

Y the 6502 Y register

Z the zero flag of the 6502 status register

C the carry flag of the 6502 status register

A,X is a 16 bit number where A has the most significant byte and X the least significant byte.

(Y,A) is the number or string whose address is in Y and A with the msb in Y and the lsb in A.

FAC the floating point accumulator ARG the ARGument register msb most significant bit or byte least significant bit or byte eol end of line token (\$00)

#### TXTPTR INPUT ROUTINES

CHRGET 00B1(177) (Increment TXTPTR) CHRGOT 00B7(183) (No increment)

These routines load A from TXTPTR and set certain 6502 status flags. X and Y are not changed.

On exit:

A=the character

Z is set if A is ':' or eol (\$3A or \$00) C is clear if A is an ASCII number ('0' to '9').

#### TXTPTR TO INTEGER

LINGET DAOC (55820)
Read a line number (integer 0 to 63999)
from TXTPTR into LINNUM. LIN
GET assumes that the 6502 registers
and A have been set up by the
CHRGET that fetched the first digit.
Normally exits through CHRGET

which fetches the character after the number. If the number is greater than 63999 then LINGET exits via SYN TAX ERROR. LINNUM is zero if there is no number at TXTPTR.

GTBYTC E6F5 (59125)

JSR to CHRGET to gobble a character and fall into GETBYT.

GETBYT E6F8 (59128)

Evaluates the formula at TXTPTR, leaves the result in FAC, and falls into CONINT. On the entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the formula.

PLOTFNS F1EC (61932)

Get 2 LO-RES plotting coordinates (0-47,0-47) from TXTPTR separated

by a comma. On entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the formula for the first number. PLOT FNS puts the first number in FIRST and the second number in H2 and V2.

Get HI-RES plotting coordinates (0-279,0-191) from TXTPTR. On entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the formula for the first number. Leaves the 6502 registers set up for HPOSN.

On exit:

A=vertical coordinate X=lsb of horizontal coordinate Y=msb of horizontal coordinate.

#### FLOATING POINT MATH PACKAGE INTRODUCTION

This is the number format used throughout Applesoft:

The exponent is a single byte signed number (EXP) in excess \$80 form (the signed value has \$80 added to it). The mantissa is 4 bytes (HO, MOH, MO, LO). The binary point is assumed to be to the right of the most significant bit. Since in binary floating point notation the msb is always 1, the number's sign is kept there when the number is stored in packed form in memory. While in the math package the sign is kept in a separate byte (SGN) where only bit 7 is significant. If the exponent is zero, then the number is zero although the mantissa isn't necessarily zero.

Examples:

EXP HO MOH MO LO SGN Packed format

-10 84 A0 00 00 00 10 84 20 00 00 00

FAC format

-10 84 A0 00 00 00 FF 10 84 A0 00 00 00 00 00

Arithmetic routine calling conventions:

For single argument functions:

The argument is in FAC. The result is left in FAC.

For two argument functions:

The first argument is in ARG (see

CONUPK).
The second argument is in EAC

The second argument is in FAC. The result is left in FAC.

#### FLOATING POINT REGISTERS

NOTE: many of the following locations are used for other things when not being used by the floating point math package.

	FAC	ARG	TEMP1	TEMP2	ТЕМР3	RND
EXP	9D	<b>A</b> 5	93	98	8A	C9
HO	9E	A6	94	99	8B	CA
MOH	9F	A7	95	9 <b>A</b>	8C	CB
MO	A0	A8	96	9B	8D	CC
LO	A1	A9	97	9C	8E	CD
SGN	<b>A</b> 2	AA	(1	packed	d form	at)

## FLOATING POINT OPERATORS

FMULT E97F (59775) Move the number in memory pointed to by Y,A into ARG and fall into . . . FMULTT E982 (59778) Multiply FAC and ARG. On entry A and Z reflect FACEXP.

FDIV EA66 (60006) Move the number in memory pointed to by Y,A into ARG and fall into . . . FIDVT EA69 (60009) Divide ARG by FAC. On entry A and Z reflect FACEXP.

FADD E7BE (59326)
Move the number in memory pointed to by Y,A into ARG and fall into . . . FADDT E7C1 (59329)
Add FAC and ARG. On entry A and Z reflect FACEXP.

FSUB E7A7 (59303) Move the number in memory pointed to by Y,A, into ARG and fall into . . . FSUBT E7AA (59306) Subtract FAC from ARG. On entry A and Z reflect FACEXP.

FPWRT EE97 (61079) Exponentiation (ARG to the FAC power). On entry A and Z should reflect the value of FACEXP.

NOTE: Most FAC move routines set up A and Z to reflect FACEXP but a LDA \$9D will insure the proper values.

### FLOATING POINT CONSTANTS

NOTE: The following addresses point to numbers in packed form suitable for use by CONUPK and MOVMF.

RND	00C9	(201)
1/4	F070	(61552)
1/2	EE64	(61028)
-1/2	E937	(59703)
1	E913	(59667)
10	EA50	(59984)

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CALL-A.P.P.L.E. In Depth

"DTCA2DOC-043-02.PICT" 326 KB 2001-04-03 dpi: 300h x 300v pix: 2196h x 3006v

SQR(.5)	E92D	(59693)	MOVML	EB23	(60195)	MUL10	EA39	(5996
SQR(2)	E92D E932	(59698)						
N(2)	E93C	(59708)		and move it in ed to by X. Use			AC by 10. We and negative	
JOG(e)2	EEDB	(61147)	On evit A	and Z reflect F	ACEXP	•	ONVERSIO	
PI/2	F063	(61539)	MOVMF	EB2B	(60203)		TEGER TO	
PI*2	F06B	(61547)			` ,		E301	(5811
32768	E0FE	(57598)		and move it is		SNGFLT		,
	ED14[1E9] <b>DATING PO</b>		reflect FAC			Float the t	ınsigned integ E2F2	ger in Y. (5809
	FUNCTIONS		MOVFA	EB53	(60243)	Float the s	igned integer	in A,Y.
				G into FAC. ( and Z is set.	On exit A=	FLOAT	EB93	(6030
SGN	EB90	(60304)	MOVAF	EB63	(60259)		igned integer	
Calls SIGN : FAC.	and floats the	result in the	Move FAC	C into ARG. (and Z is set.		FA CONINT	AC TO INTE E6FB	E <b>GER</b> (5913
On exit:			CONUPK	E9E3	(59875)		AC into a sin	,
FAC=1 If F	FAC was grea	ter than 0		from memory p			nd FACLO. N	
	FAC was equa		V A On ev	it A and Z refle	ct FACEXP		HRGET. If F	
	FAC was less			MARY OF M		than 255 o	r less than 0 t	then CŌNIN
ABS	EBAF	(60335)					ILLEGAL QU	JANTITY I
Absolute va	lue of FAC		FAC FAC	=>(Y,A) =>(0,X)	EB2B EB23	ROR.		
NT	EC23	(60451)	FAC	=>TEMP 1	EB23 EB21	AYINT	E10C	(576)
	teger value of	, ,	FAC	=>TEMP 2			ess than +327	
	leger value of		FAC	=>ARG	EB63		67 then pe	
QR	EE8D	(61069)	(Y,A)	=>FAC	EAF9	QINT	EBF2	(604)
			(Y,A)	=>ARG	E9E3	Quick gr	eatest integ	ger functi
_	uare root of F		ÀŔĠ	=>FAC	EB53		Γ(FAC) in FA	
.OG	E941	(59713)	FL	OATING PO	INT		NT assumes 1	FAC 2 to
og base e o	of FAC			UTILITIES		•	608 decimal)	/E00
EXP	EF09	(61193)	SIGN	EB82	(60290)	GETADR	E752	(592
Raise e to tl	he FAC power	•	Set A acco	rding to the va	lue of FAC.		ne number in	
RND	EFAE	(61358)	On exit:			65535) in I	into a 2 by	integer
orm a 'ran	dom' number	in FAC		FAC is positive	<u>.</u>	GETNUM		(592
COS	EFEA	(61418)		FAC=0				,
	DIDI	(01410)	A=FF if	FAC is negativ	e		oyte number	
OS(FAC)	DDD1	(01.405)	FOUT	ED34	(60724)		`PTR, check single byte nu	
INCEAC	EFF1	(61425)	Creates a	string in FBUl	FFR equiva-		TPTR points	
IN(FAC) `AN	F03A	(61498)		value of FAC.			of the formul	
AN(FAC)	1 00/1	(01450)		ne string. The st		number, U	Jses FRMNU	M, GETAI
TN	F09E	(61598)		FAC is scrar		CHKCOM	, GETBYT.	
RCTAN(F.		(01000)		to then print th		COMBYT	E E74C	(592
	NG POINT N	NUMBER	FCOMP	EBB2	(60338)	Check for	a comma and	get a byte ir
	VE ROUTIN			AC and a packe			сом, бетв	
10VFM	EAF9	(60153)		ointed to by Y,A	١.		points to the	
Move memo	ory pointed to	by Y.A. into	On exit:	OLA) ABAC		T	XTPTR TO	FAC
AC. On exi	it A and Z refle	ect FACEXP.		(Y,A) <fac (Y,A) =FAC</fac 		FRMEVL	DD7B	(566
IOV2F	EB1E	(60190)		(Y,A)>FAC		Evaluate	the formula	at TXTP
		` /	NEGOP	EED0	(61136)	using CHF	RGET and leav	ve the resul
	nd move it int Uses MOVMI				(01130)		ntry TXTPT	
	t FACEXP.	. On talt A	FAC=FAC		(F0000)		cter of the fo	
MOV1F	EB21	(60193)	FADDH	E7A0	(59296)		subroutine at use formul	
			Add 1/2 to	FAC			trings and n	
	nd move it int		DIV10	EA55	(59989)		a string lite	
	Uses MOVMI	()n evit A			(	TOLDIUIA 6	a sume me	Lai, Littil
egister 1. l	Uses MOVMI ct FACEXP.	. On exit A		C by 10. Retu		gobbles th	ne opening quality and ST2	uote and e

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## APPLESOFT INTERNAL ENTRY POINTS

FRMNUM DD67

(56679)

Evaluate the formula at TXTPTR, put it in FAC, and make sure it's a number. On entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the formula. TYPE MISMATCH ERROR results if the formula is a string.

FIN EC4A (60490)

Input a floating point number into FAC from CHRGET. FIN assumes that the 6502 registers and A have been set up by the CHRGET that fetched the first digit.

#### STRING UTILITIES

In Applesoft strings have three parts: the descriptor, a pointer to the descriptor, and the ASCII string. A string descriptor contains the length of the string and the address of its first character. See page 137 of the Applesoft Reference Manual. Through most of the routines the descriptor is left in memory and a pointer is kept in FAC. The pointer is the address of the descriptor. The actual string could be anywhere in memory. In a program, 10 A\$="HI" will leave a descriptor pointing into the program text.

CAT E597 (58775)

Concatenate two strings. FACMO,LO point to the first string's descriptor and TXTPTR points to the '+' sign.

STRINI E3D5 (58325)

Get space for creation of a string and create a descriptor for it in DSCTMP. On entry A=length of the string.

STRSPA E3DD (58333)

JSR to GETSPA and store the pointer and length in DSCTMP.

COPY DAB7 (55991)

Free the string temporary pointed to by Y,A and move it to the memory pointed to by FORPNT.

MOVINS E5D4 (58836)

Move a string whose descriptor is pointed to by STRNG1 to memory pointed to by FRESPA.

MOVSTR E5E2 (58850)

Move the string pointed to by Y,X with a length of A to memory pointed to by FRESPA.

STRTXT DE81 (56961)

Sets Y,A equal to TXTPTR plus C and falls into STRLIT.

STRLIT E3E7

(58343)

Store a quote in ENDCHR and CHARAC so that STRLT2 will stop on it.

STRLT2 E3ED (58349)

Take a string literal whose first character is pointed to by Y,A and build a descriptor for it. The descriptor is built in DSCTMP, but PUT NEW transfers it into a temporary and leaves a pointer to it in FACMO,LO. Characters other than zero that terminate the string should be saved in CHARAC and ENDCHR. Leading quotes should be skipped before STRLT2. On exit the character after the string literal is pointed to by STRNG2. Falls into PUTNEW.

PUTNEW E42A (58410)

Some string function is returning with a result in DSCTMP. Move DSCTMP to a temporary descriptor, put a pointer to the descriptor in FACMO,LO, and flag the result as a string.

GETSPA E452 (58450)

Get space for character string. May force garbage collection. Moves FRESPC and FRETOP down enough to store the string. On entry A=number of characters. Returns with A unaffected and pointer to the space in Y,X, FRESPC, and FRETOP. If there's no space then OUT OF MEMORY error.

FRESTR E5FD (58877)

Make sure that the last FAC result was a string and fall into

FREFAC E600 (58880)

Load the string descriptor pointer in FACMO, LO into Y, A and fall into FRETMP.

FRETMP E604 (58884)

Free up a temporary string. On entry the pointer to the descriptor is in Y,A. A check is made to see if the descriptor is a temporary one allocated by PUTNEW. If so, the temporary is freed up by updating TEMPPT. If a temp is freed up a further check is made to see if the string is the lowest in memory. If so, that area of memory is freed up also by updating FRETOP. On exit the address of the string is in INDEX and Y,X and the string length is in A.

(58933)

FRETMS E635

Free the temporary descriptor without freeing up the string. On entry Y,A point to the descriptor to be freed. On exit Z is set if anything was freed.

#### **DEVICE INPUT ROUTINES**

INLIN D52C (54572) (No prompt) INLIN+2 D52E (54574) (Use character in X for prompt)

Input a line of text from the current input device into the input buffer, BUF, and fall into GDBUFS.

GDBUFS D539 (54985)

Puts a zero at the end of the input buffer, BUF, and masks off the msb on all bytes.

On entry:

X=the end of the input line

On exit:

A=0

X=FF Y=1

INCHR D553 (54611)

Get one character from the current input device in A and mask off the msb. INCHR uses the main Apple input routines and supports normal handshaking.

#### DEVICE OUTPUT ROUTINES

STROUT DB3A

(56122)

Print string pointed to by Y,A. The string must end with a zero or a quote.

STRPRT DB3D (56125) Print a string whose descriptor is

pointed to by FACMO, FACLO.
OUTDO DB5C (56156

Print the character in A. INVERSE, FLASH, and NORMAL in effect.

CRDO DAFB (56059)

Print a carriage return.

OUTSPC DB57 (56151)

Print a space.

OUTQST DB5A (56154)

Print a question mark.

INPRT ED19 (60697)

Print "IN" and the current line number from CURLIN. Uses LINPRT.

LINPRT ED24 (60708

Prints the 2 byte unsigned number in X,A.

PRNTFAC ED2E (60718)

Prints the current value of FAC. FAC is destroyed. Uses FOUT and STROUT.

CALL-A.P.P.L.E. In Depth

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#### INTERNAL LOCATOR ROUTINES

**PTRGET** DFF3 (57315)Read a variable name from CHRGET and find it in memory. On entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the variable name. On exit the address to the value of the variable is in VARPNT and Y,A. If PTRGET can't find a simple variable it creates one. If it can't find an array it creates one dimensioned to 0 to 10 and sets all elements equal to zero.

**GETARYPT F7D9** 

Read a variable name from CHRGET and find it in memory. On entry TXTPTR points to the first character of the variable name. This routine leaves LOWTR pointing to the name of the variable array. If the array can't be found the result is an OUT OF DATA ERROR.

**FNDLIN** D61A (54810)

Searches the program for the line whose number is in LINNUM.

- 1. If C set LOWTR points to the link field of the desired line.
- 2. If C clear then line not found. LOWTR to the next higher line.

**DATA** D995

Move TXTPTR to the end of the statement. Looks for ':' or eol (0).

Calculate the offset in Y from TXTPTR to the next ':' or eol (0).

REMN D9A6 (55718)

Calculate the offset in Y from TXTPTR to the next eol (0).

ADDON D998 (55704)

Add Y to TXTPTR.

#### **INITIALIZATION ROUTINES**

SCRTCH D64B (54859)The 'NEW' command. Clears the pro-

gram, variables, and stack.

CLEARC D66C (54892)

The 'CLEAR' command. Clears the variables and stack.

**STKINI** D683 (54915)

Clears the stack.

RESTOR D849 (55369)

Sets the DATA pointer, DATPTR, to the beginning of the program.

STXTPT D697 (54935)

Set TXTPTR to the beginning of the program.

#### STORAGE MANAGEMENT **ROUTINES**

**BLTU** D393 (54163)

Block transfer makes room by moving everything forward.

On entry:

Y,A and HIGHDS=destination of high address +1

LOWTR=lowest address to be moved HIGHTR=highest address to be moved + 1

On exit:

LOWTR is unchanged

HIGHTR=LOWTR - \$100

HIGHDS=lowest address transferred \$100

REASON D3E3 (54243)

Makes sure there's enough room in memory, checks to be sure that the address Y,A is less than FRETOP. May cause garbage collection. Causes OMERR if there's no room.

Move all currently used strings up in memory as far as possible. This maximizes the free memory area for more strings or numeric variables.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS** BASIC COMMANDS

Note that many commands are not documented because they jump into the new statement fetcher and cannot be used as a subroutine.

CONT D898 (55448)MOVES OLDTXT and OLDLIN into TXTPTR and CURLIN.

NEWSTT D7D2 (55250)

Execute a new statement. On entry TXTPTR points to the ':' preceding the statement or the zero at the end of the previous line. Use NEWSTT to restart the program with CONT. THIS ROUTINE DOES

RETURN.

(54630)RUN

Run the program in memory. THIS ROUTINE DOES NOT RETURN.

**GOTO** 

Uses LINGET and FNDLIN to update TXTPTR. GOTO assumes that the 6502 registers and A have been set up by the CHRGET that fetched the first digit.

LET DA46

(55878)Uses CHRGET to get address of the variable, '=', evaluate the formula, and store it. On entry TXTPTR points to

the first character of the variable

#### HIRES GRAPHICS ROUTINES

NOTE: Regardless of which screen is being displayed, HPAG (location \$E6) determines which screen is drawn on. (\$20 for HGR, \$40 for HGR2)

F3D8 HGR2 (62424)

Initialize and clear page 2 HIRES. F3E2 HGR (62434)

Initialize and clear page 1 HIRES.

**HCLR** F3F2 (62450)

Clear the HIRES screen to black. F3F6

**BKGND** (62454)Clear the HIRES screen to last plotted

color. **HPOSN** F411 (62481)

Positions the HIRES cursor without plotting, HPAG determines which page the cursor is pointed at.

On entry:

Horizontal=Y,X

Vertical=A

**HPLOT** F457 (62551)Call HPOSN then try to plot a dot at the cursor's position. No dot may be plotted if plotting non-white at a complementary color X coordinate.

On entry:

Horizontal =Y,X Vertical =Y

HLIN F53A (62778)

Draws a line from the last plotted point or line destination to the coordinate in the 6502 registers.

On entry:

Horizontal=X,A

Vertical=Y

**HFIND** F5CB (62923)

Convert the HIRES cursor's position to X-Y coordinates. Used after SHAPE to find where you've been left.

On exit:

\$E0=horizontal lsb

\$E1=horizontal msb

\$E2=vertical

DRAW F601 (62977)

Draw the shape pointed to by Y,X using the current HCOLOR. On entry A=rotation factor.

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## APPLESOFT INTERNAL ENTRY POINTS

HANDLERR F2E9

XDRAW F65D (63069) Draw the shape pointed to by Y,X by inverting the existing color of the dots the shape draws over. On entry, A=

rotation factor.
SETHCOL F6EC

(63212)

Set the HIRES color to X. X must be less than 8.

SHLOAD F775

(63349)

Loads a shape table into memory from tape above MEMSIZ (HIMEM) and sets up the pointer at \$E8.

#### **CASSETTE ROUTINES**

SAVE D8B0 (55472) Save the program in memory to tape. LOAD D8C9 (55497) Load a program from tape.

VARTIO D8F0 (55536) Set up A1 and A2 to save 3 bytes (\$50-\$52) for the length.

PROGIO D901 (55553) Set up A1 and A2 to save the program

Set up A1 and A2 to save the program text.

#### ERROR PROCESSOR ROUTINES

ERROR D412 (54290) Checks ERRFLG and jumps to HNDL ERR if ONERR is active. Otherwise it prints [c/r] '?' [error message § X] 'ERROR'. If this is during program execution then it also prints 'IN' and the CURLIN.

Saves CURLIN in ERRLIN, TXTPTR in ERRPOS, X in ERRNUM, and REMSTK in ERRSTK. REMSTK is is equal to the 6502 stack pointer and is set up at the start of each statement.

(62185)

X contains the error code. This may be used to interrupt the execution of a BASIC program. See the Applesoft Reference Manual page 136 for the value of X for a given error.

RESUME F317 (62231) Restores CURLIN from ERRLIN and TXTPTR from ERRPOS and transfers ERRSTK into the 6502 stack pointer.

#### SYNTAX CHECKING ROUTINES

ISCNTC D858 (55384) Checks the Apple keyboard for a control — C (\$83). Executes the BREAK routine if there is a control — C.

CHKNUM DD6A (56682) Make sure FAC is numeric. See CHKVAL.

CHKSTR DD6C (56684) Make sure FAC is a string. See CHKVAL.

CHKVAL DD6D (56685)

Checks the result of the most recent FAC operation to see if it is a string or numeric variable. A TYPE MIS MATCH ERROR results if FAC and C don't agree.

On entry:

C set checks for strings C clear checks for numerics ERRDIR E306 (58118) Causes ILLEGAL DIRECT ERROR if the program isn't running. X is modi-

ISLETC E07D (57469) Checks A for an ASCII letter ('A' to 'Z'). On exit C set if A is a letter.

PARCHK DEB2 (57010) Checks for '(', evaluates a formula, and checks for ')'. Uses CHKOPN and FRMEVL then falls into CHKCLS.

CHKCLS DEB8 (57016) Checks at TXTPTR for ')'. Uses SYNCHR.

CHKOPN DEBB (57019) Checks at TXTPTR for '(', Uses SYN CHR.

CHKCOM DEBE (57022) Checks at TXTPTR for ',' uses SYN CHR.

SYNCHR DECO (57024) Checks at TXTPTR for the character in A. TXTPTR is not modified. Normally exits through CHRGET. Exits with SYNTAX ERROR if they don't match.

A utility for A.P.P.L.E. members

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### Apple 2 Computer Information • Document 043

		FREFAC	E600	54		
A1	3C,3D 51	FRESPC	71,72	51	NEGOP	EEDO 53
A2	3E,3F	FRESTR	E5FD	54	NEWSTT	D7D2 55
ABS	EBAF 53	FRETMP	E604	54	11211011	-0-
ADDON	D998 55	FRETMS	E635	54	OLDLIN	77,78 5
ARYTAB	6B,6C 51	FRETOP	6F,70	51	ORMASK	F3 5
ATN	F09E 53	FRMEVL	DD7B	53	OUTDO	DB5C 5
AYINT	E10C 53	FRMNUM	DD67	54	OUTQST	DB5A 5
	—B	FSUB FSUBT	E7A7 <b>E7AA</b>		OUTSPC	DB57 5- —P—
BKGND	F3F2 55	rsobi	-G-		PARCHK	DEB2 5
BLTU	D393 55	CADDAC	E484	55	PLOTFNS	F1EC 5
BUF	200-2 <b>FF</b> 51	GARBAG	D539	53	PRGEND	AF,BO 5
	C-	GDBUFS GETADR	E752	53	PROGIO	D901 5
CAT	E597 54	GETARYPT	F7D9	55	PRNTFAC	ED2E 5
CHARAC	OD 51	GTBYTC	E6F5		PTRGET	DFE3 5
CHKCLS	DEB8 56	GETBYT	E6F8		PUTNEW	E42A 5
CHKCOM	DEBE 56	GETNUM	E746	53		Q
CHKNUM	DD6A 56	GETSPA	E452	54	QINT	EBF2 5
CHKOPN	DEBB 56	GIVAYF	E2F2	53	QIIII	_R_
CHKSTR	DD6C 56	GOTO	D93E	55	REASON	D3E3 55
CHKVAL	DD6D 56		—H—		REMN	D9A6 58
CHRGET	00B1 52	110	2C	51	REMSTK	F8 5
CHRGOT	00B7 52	H2	F2E9	56	RESTOR	D849 55
CLEARC	D66C 55 E74C 53	HANDLERR	F3EE	55	RESUME	F317 50
COMBYTE CONINT	E74C 53 E6FB 53	HCLR HFIND	F5CB	55	RND	EFAE 53
CONT	D898 55	HFNS	F6B9	52	ROT	F9 5
CONUPK	E9E3 53	HGR	F3DE	55	RUN	D566 55
COPY	DAB7 54	HGR2	F3D4	55		-S-
COS	EFEA 53	HIGHDS	94,95		SAVE	D8BO 5
CRDO	DAFB 54	HIGHTR	96,97	51	SCALE	E7 5
URLIN	75,76 51	HLIN	F530	55	SCRTCH	D64B 55
	_D_	HPAG	E6	51	SETHCOL	F6EC 50
		HPLOT	F453	55	SGN	EB80 53
DATA	D995 55	HPOSN	F40D	55	SHLOAD	F775 50
DATAN	D9A3 55		—I—		SIGN	EB82 53
DATLIN	7B,7C	INDEV	5E,5F	51	SIN	EFF1 50
OATPTR DIV10	7D,7E	INDEX INCHR	D553	54	SNGFLT	E301 53
DRAW	F601 55	INLIN	D52C		SPDBYT	F1 5
SCTMP	9D-9F	INLIN+2	D52E	54	SQR	EE8D 53
000 11411		INPRT	ED19	54	STKINI	D683 55
	—E—	INT	ED23	53	STREND	6D,6E
ENDCHR	OE 51	INVFLG	32	51	STRINI	E3D5 54 E3E7 54
RRDIR	E306 56	ISCNTC	D858	56	STRLIT STRLT2	E3E7 54 E3ED 54
RRFLG	D8 51	ISLETC	E07D	56	STRNG1	AB,AC 5
RRLIN	DA,DB 51		-L-		STRNG1 STRNG2	AD,AE 5
RRNUM	DE	LASTPT	53	51	STROUT	DB3A 54
CRROR CRRPOS	D412 56 DC,DD 51	LET	DA46	55	STRPRT	DB3D 54
RRSTK	DF 51	LINGET	DAOC		STRSPA	E3DD 5-
XP	ER09 53	LINNUM	50,51	51	STRTXT	DE81 54
		LINPRT	ED24	54	STXTPT	D697 55
	_F_	LOAD	D8C9	56	SUBFLG	14 5
ADD	E7BE 52	LOG	E941	53	SYNCHR	DECO 50
ADDH	E7A0 53	LOWTR	9B,9C	51		-T-
ADDT	E7C1 52		-M-		TAN	F03A 5
BUFFR COMP	100-1FF	MEMCIZ	73,74	51	TEMPPT	52 5
DIV	EA66 52	MEMSIZ	EB21	53	TXTPTR	B8,B9 5
DIVT	EA69 52	MOV1F MOV2F	EB1E	53	TXTTAB	67,68 5
IN	EC4A 53	MOVAF	EB63	53	•••	_V_
TRST	FO 51	MOVFA	EB53	53	V2	2D 5
LOAT	EB93 53	MOVFM	EAF9	53	VALTYP	11 5
MULT	E97F 52	MOVINS	E5D4		VARPNT	83,84 5 69.6A 5
MULTT	E982 52	MOVMF	EB2B	53	VARTAB	_
NDLIN	D61A 55	MOVML	EB23	53	VARTIO	
ORPNT	85,86	MOVSTR	E5E2	54		-X-
OUT	ED34 53	MUL10	EA39	53	XDRAW	F65D 5
PWRT	EE97 52					
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